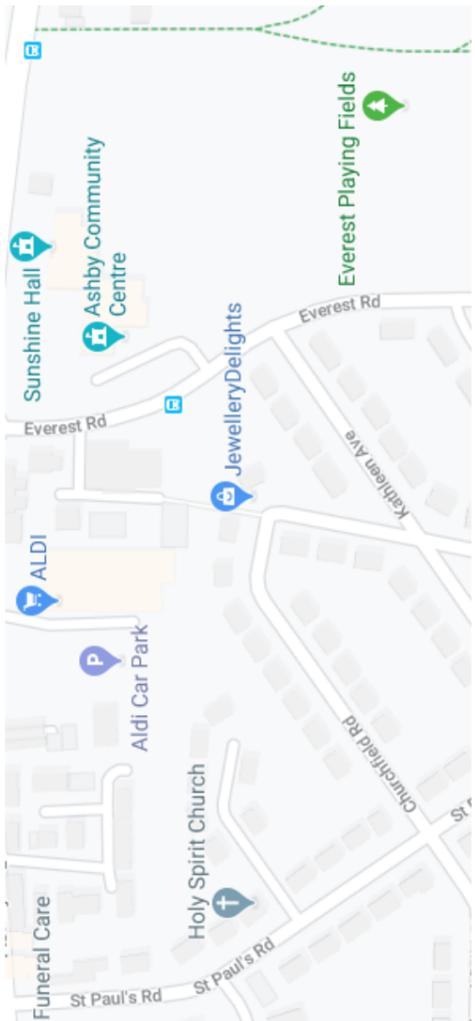


Geography - Settlement

Subject Specific Vocabulary	
settlement	an area newly occupied by colonists or settlers/ an area where humans live
city	<p>a large or important town</p> <p>Many different types of services, including universities, sports stadiums and a large variety of shops</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Many restaurants, transport links and different places of worship - Many people move to cities because there are more opportunities for employment and leisure.
town	<p>Towns are usually bigger than villages, but smaller than cities.</p> <p>Services such as primary and secondary schools, train stations, hospitals and shopping centres</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - large supermarkets and at least one place of worship
village	<p>a small community in a rural area/ countryside</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - some services such as a post office, a small shop - sometimes a small place of worship - there may be a doctor's practice and a primary school - many people are leaving villages to move to towns and cities

Associated Diagram

Sticky Knowledge

<p>Look at the first diagram. Why do you think the settlers chose this site?</p> <p>The place is near water (river) which they used for travelling or as a source of food, it's near the forest (wood-building material) and hills for protection from invaders.</p>
<p>Look at the first diagram. Label where the settlers found the resources they needed to survive.</p> <p>Forest (wood, animals/berries-food,), river (water, travelling, food), soil (planting)</p>
<p>Look at the first diagram. Which part of the landscape provides shelter from weather or invading armies?</p> <p>hills (Invaders would struggle to get over the hills/ from the top of a hill settlers could see anyone approaching from all sides/ they protect from the wind)</p>
<p>Name 3 towns, 3 villages, 3 cities and 3 hamlets in the UK.</p> <p>cities: London, Birmingham, Manchester</p> <p>town: Grimsby, Lincoln, Hull</p> <p>villages: Ashby, Broomfleet, Keadby</p> <p>hamlets: Croxby, Haddington, Kelby</p>
<p>How do we know that Scunthorpe is a town?</p> <p>It has a lot of primary and secondary schools, train/bus station, hospital, a range of shops.</p>
<p>How can land be used? How can it be used for settlements?</p> <p>agriculture, housing, industrial, business, leisure, retail</p>



Geography - Settlement



Subject Specific Vocabulary		Associated Diagram	Sticky Knowledge
agriculture	the raising of crops and livestock		Using the second diagram, how would you recognise land use on a map?
industrial	the production of goods and services by industry		On a map, the names of buildings give us clues as to how the land might be used - names of shops, for example, would show retail areas, leisure- playing fields, houses-residential area.
retail	the selling of goods directly to the consumer		Name two features of a village, two features of a city and two features of a hamlet.
defence	the act of protecting or guarding		Village: a small community in a rural area/ countryside, some services such as a post office, a small shop
			City: the largest settlement, lots of people and houses, universities, cathedral
			Hamlet: a collection of houses, without a shop